

SPACE FLORIDA



**(A Component Unit Of
The State Of Florida)**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Years Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017



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Space Florida
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For the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Space Florida
Cape Canaveral, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Space Florida, a component unit of the State of Florida, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Space Florida as of September 30, 2018 and 2017 and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 to 14 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Space Florida's basic financial statements. The schedule of travel, business meals and incidental expenses and the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance for the year ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, required by Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedule of travel, business meals and incidental expenses has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2019, on our consideration of Space Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Space Florida's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Space Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cary, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.

Melbourne, Florida
June 27, 2019

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Space Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Space Florida, we offer readers of Space Florida's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Space Florida for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

Effective September 1, 2006, Pursuant to Chapter 2006-60, Laws of Florida, a law enacted by the Florida Legislature during its 2006 Regular Session, Space Florida was created as an independent special district and subdivision of the State. Space Florida serves as the State's principal government space entity, responsible for space related infrastructure development, industry recruitment and education/research in partnership with federal agencies and private industry; for providing leadership for development of space transportation infrastructure; and for implementation of space commercialization and development programs.

Space Florida utilizes various funding sources to operate programs that retain, attract and expand new business to Florida, and to promote Florida as the world's premier space business destination. Space Florida is responsible for accelerating the growth of space related industry within Florida's economic goals through targeted space business retention, expansion, and diversification efforts in addition to providing leadership in innovative educational, research and development and workforce development programs and space related infrastructure development projects. A key competitive advantage for Florida in the market is the multiple year relationships it creates with entities that choose Florida for their base of growth.

As a result of the dynamic nature of Florida's space industry Space Florida has developed a strategic plan that targets a number of diversified commercial market segments for integration of space technology that has not been previously pursued with a focused state effort (i.e. life sciences/pharmaceuticals, agriculture/climate monitoring, cyber security and robotics, clean energy, adventure tourism, civil protection and crisis management). These markets receive direct benefit through utilization of the current space program, or have shown great interest in the potential for benefitting from opportunities in next-generation space initiatives and utilization of microgravity environments. Space Florida has already gained significant interest from major players in these markets, and will continue to increase its efforts to attract and secure these businesses. It will do this, in part, by utilizing its operational budget to focus staff efforts on business development opportunities in these emerging sectors.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Space Florida exceeded its liabilities for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 by \$142,397,595, 110,183,400 and \$103,476,702 (net position), respectively. Of this amount, \$25,677,971, \$17,795,549, and \$28,596,606 (unrestricted net position), respectively, may be used to meet Space Florida's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Space Florida's total net position increased by \$32,214,195 and \$6,706,698 for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 and decreased by \$6,120,210 for the year ended September 30, 2016.

Space Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis

- Space Florida's state appropriated revenue for operations for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was \$21,126,767, \$21,209,740 and \$18,860,226 respectively.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Space Florida's basic financial statements. Space Florida's basic financial statements are comprised of two components: financial statements and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The basic financial statements report information using the full accrual accounting methods as utilized by similar business activities in the public sector. The financial statements include a Statement of Net position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and a Statement of Cash Flows.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of Space Florida's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may serve as an indicator of the financial status of Space Florida.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how Space Florida's net position changed for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents changes in cash and cash equivalents from operational, financing and investing activities. This statement presents cash receipt and disbursement information without consideration of the earnings event, when an obligation arises or depreciation of capital assets.

The basic financial statements can be found on pages 17-21 of this report.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements and thus are an integral part of these financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23-42 of this report.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents other supplementary information. This supplementary information can be found on page 45 of this report.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial status. Assets exceeded liabilities as of September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 by \$142,397,595, \$110,183,400, and \$103,476,702, respectively.

Space Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following table reflects the condensed statement of net position.

Space Florida Net Position

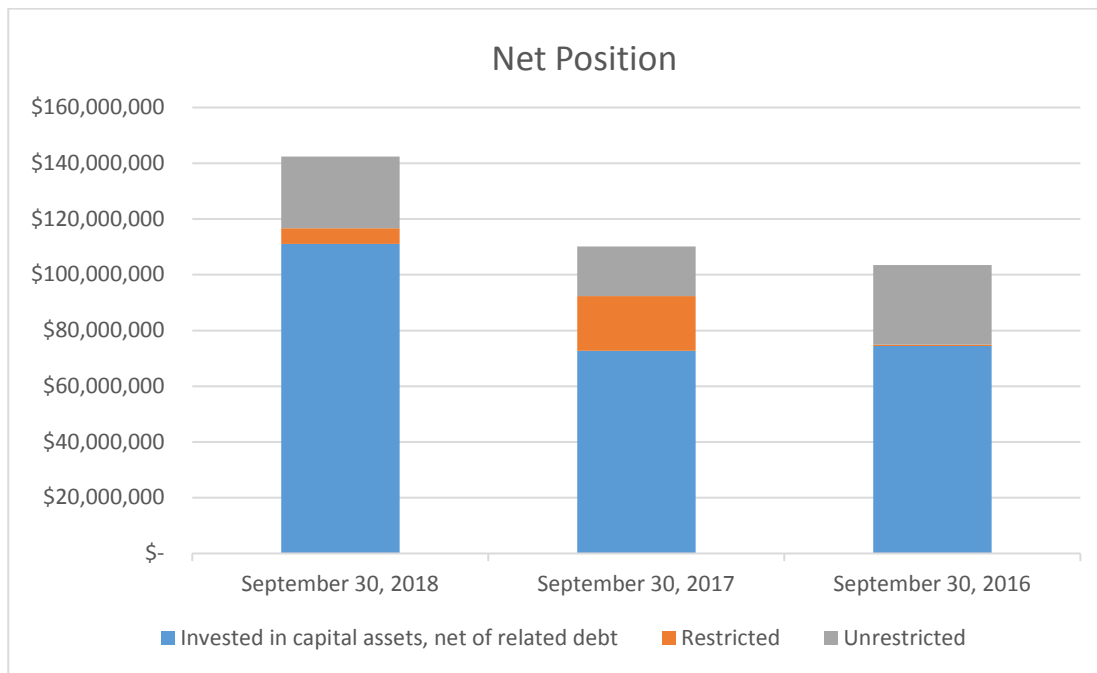
	9/30/18	9/30/17	9/30/16
Cash	\$ 42,474,180	\$ 53,609,344	\$ 21,685,404
Receivables	19,913,468	21,017,523	7,703,635
Investments	3,778,774	4,840,170	4,278,774
Other current assets	1,036,583	988,139	1,163,837
Capital assets	126,855,874	101,992,903	90,121,516
Lease receivable	-	-	942,148
Prepaid rent	5,261,206	5,643,839	6,026,472
Other assets	3,526,742	3,308,852	4,667,423
Total assets	202,846,827	191,400,770	136,589,209
Accounts payable	2,920,719	7,058,791	1,468,195
Payable from restricted assets	40,208,650	43,936,430	13,425,052
Notes payable	15,536,156	28,696,252	16,430,554
Deferred rent liability	1,173,192	897,147	621,102
Other liabilities	610,515	628,750	1,167,604
Total liabilities	60,449,232	81,217,370	33,112,507
Net position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	111,048,630	72,733,543	74,466,595
Restricted	5,670,994	19,654,308	413,501
Unrestricted	25,677,971	17,795,549	28,596,606
Total net position	\$ 142,397,595	\$ 110,183,400	\$ 103,476,702

The largest portion of Space Florida's net position as of September 30, 2018 (78 percent), as of September 30, 2017 (66 percent) and as of September 30, 2016 (72 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., buildings, equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding.

The decrease in the restricted net position as of September 30, 2018 was due to the spending of advance payments received which is restricted for a specific project. The increase in the restricted net position as of September 30, 2017 was due to advance payments received which is restricted for a specific project.

As of September 30, 2018, September 30, 2017, and September 30, 2016, Space Florida was able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

Space Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis



The following table shows condensed revenue and expense data.

Space Florida Changes in Net Position

	9/30/18	9/30/17	9/30/16
Operating revenues:			
Fees and charges for services	\$ 26,192,327	\$ 5,445,184	\$ 4,092,780
State appropriated funding	21,126,767	21,209,740	18,860,226
Grant revenue – operating	46,823,593	25,019,903	2,173,037
Total operating revenues	94,142,687	51,674,827	25,126,043
Non-operating revenues:			
Other	119,913	254,397	285,227
Grant revenue – Capital	12,880,636	8,657,807	86,468
Total non-operating revenues	13,000,549	8,912,204	371,695
Total revenues	107,143,236	60,587,031	25,497,738
Operating expenses:			
Business development activities	57,574,911	35,380,292	17,647,856
Educational research	297,364	456,526	462,648
Operations	8,147,818	8,193,302	5,680,101
General, administrative & depreciation	7,894,446	9,358,483	7,285,650
Total operating expenses	73,914,539	53,388,603	31,076,255
Non-operating expenses:			
Total non-operating expenses	1,014,502	491,730	541,693
Total expenses	74,929,041	53,880,333	31,617,948
Change in net position	32,214,195	6,706,698	(6,120,210)
Net position – beginning	110,183,400	103,476,702	109,596,912
Net position – ending	\$ 142,397,595	\$ 110,183,400	\$ 103,476,702

Space Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis

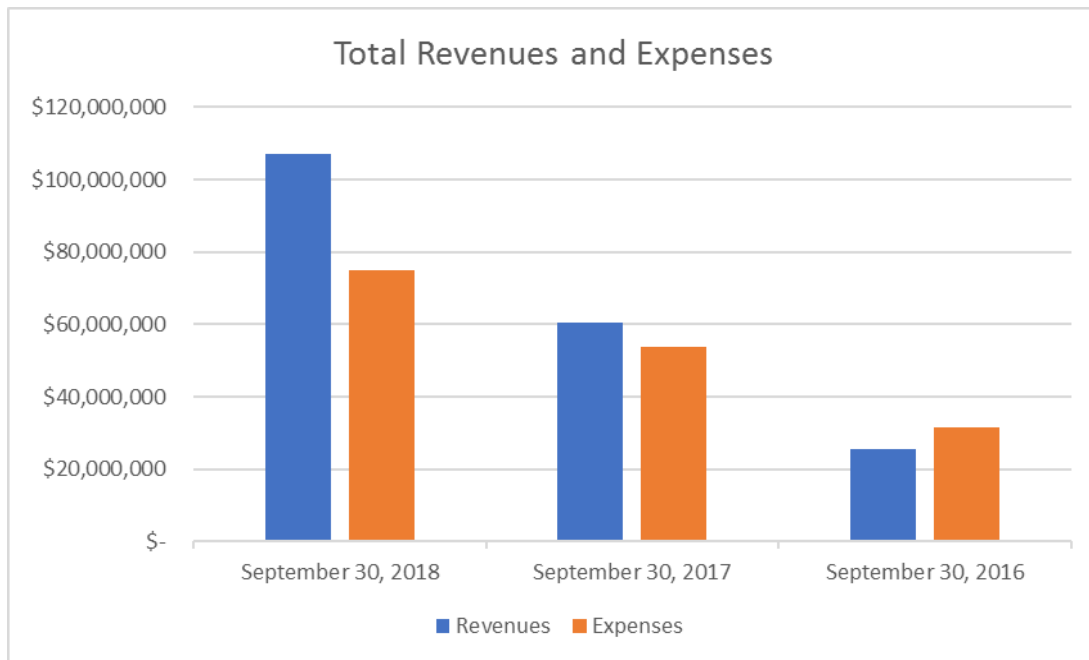
Changes in Net Position. The net position balance increased by \$32,214,195 and \$6,706,698 for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and decreased by \$6,120,210 for the year ended September 30, 2016. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the increase in net position consisted of \$20,228,148 net increase from operating activity with an \$11,986,047 net increase from non-operating activity that included \$12,880,636 in state grant capital revenue, \$119,763 in interest income, and \$150 from gain on disposal of capital assets, less \$453,106 in interest expense and \$561,396 in impairment loss. For the year ended September 30, 2017, the increase in net position consisted of \$1,713,776 net reduction from operating activity with an \$8,420,474 net increase from non-operating activity that included \$8,657,807 in state grant capital revenue and \$254,397 in interest income, less \$490,432 in interest expense and \$1,298 loss on disposal of fixed assets. For the year ended September 30, 2016, the decreased in net position consisted of \$5,950,212 net reduction from operating activity and \$169,998 in net non-operating expenses that included \$86,468 in state grant capital revenue and \$285,227 in interest income, less \$504,978 in interest expense, \$17,821 loss on investment, and \$18,894 loss on disposal of fixed assets.

Operating revenues totaled \$94,142,687, \$51,674,827 and \$25,126,043 for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Of this amount, 22 percent, 41 percent and 75 percent, respectively, were from State appropriated funding. Other grant revenue – operating was provided by spaceport infrastructure development grants from State appropriations with the remaining being generated from fees and charges for services. In addition, Space Florida reported non-operating revenues of \$13,000,549, \$8,912,204 and \$371,695 for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Other grant revenue – Capital was provided by the spaceport infrastructure development grants from State appropriations.

Operating expenses were \$73,914,539, \$53,388,603 and \$31,076,255 for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Of those totals, 11 percent, 15 percent and 18 percent, respectively, were related to general operations, which consist of support for the execution of Space Florida's responsibilities as a state-created entity, facilities management and policy-related responsibilities. In addition and related to ownership and management of the operation and its facilities, depreciation totaled \$6,165,801, \$6,281,016 and \$6,355,325 for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

As directed by statute, Space Florida is also responsible for fostering the growth and development of a sustainable and world-leading aerospace industry in the State and thus is responsible for accelerating the growth and diversification of aerospace-related economic development throughout the State. Space Florida is partnering with other State entities to accomplish these directives. For the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016, Space Florida expended 78 percent, 66 percent and 57 percent, respectively, of its operating expenditures to create and direct activities and programs that retain, attract and help expand aerospace businesses in Florida.

Space Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis



Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Space Florida's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016, amounted to \$111,048,630, \$72,733,543, and \$74,466,595 (net of accumulated depreciation and debt), respectively. This investment in capital assets includes buildings, improvements, construction in progress and equipment. The September 30, 2018 and 2017 balance in Construction in progress consisted primarily of construction of a new facility at Exploration Park. Construction in progress as of September 30, 2016 consisted primarily of capital improvements to Launch Complex 46 and project Expanse.

Space Florida Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	9/30/18	9/30/17	9/30/16
SRMU storage facility	\$ 3,442,346	\$ 3,868,942	\$ 4,301,274
RLV hangar and office space	921,617	1,019,951	1,118,284
Orion facility	21,380,092	22,604,464	23,828,836
Space Life Sciences Lab	15,021,514	16,102,523	17,077,914
Launch Complex 46	4,276,690	4,318,493	180,796
Engineering & Technology Center	14,439,104	15,057,909	15,676,714
Commercial Crew Processing Facility	16,331,528	17,026,489	17,721,450
Other Facilities	2,938,421	2,648,700	1,996,773
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	2,232,377	3,190,882	4,857,142
Construction in progress	45,872,185	16,154,550	3,362,333
Total	\$ 126,855,874	\$ 101,992,903	\$ 90,121,516

Additional information on Space Florida capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 31-32 of this report.

Space Florida Management's Discussion and Analysis

Space Florida entered into an agreement in fiscal year 2012 to purchase two research vehicles from a third party. In addition, Space Florida secured a \$5,000,000 loan to be used for the completion of the vehicles. Upon completion of the prototypes, Space Florida will lease them back to the third party at the loan repayment rate. The lease were paid in full during fiscal year 2017. Additional information regarding the lease arrangement can be found in Notes 8 on pages 34-35.

Space Florida entered into agreements in fiscal year 2011 to purchase prototypes from third parties to test the technology and capabilities of the prototype. Upon completion of the testing period of one of the prototypes in fiscal year 2012, Space Florida leased back the prototype for a nominal lease rate. At the end of the lease the prototype can be purchased for a nominal value by the third party. As consideration for the lease and option to purchase, the third party issued ownership interest in the third party through common stock and/or warrants. Upon completion of the remaining prototypes, the same lease back and ownership interest agreement will take place. Additional information can be found in Note 14 (Seller 1, 2 & 3) on page 40 of this report.

Space Florida also entered in to an agreement with a third party to purchase three production vehicles in fiscal year 2011. In fiscal year 2012, this agreement was changed to support a new prototype vehicle. Upon completion of the production of the vehicle Space Florida will lease back the prototype for a nominal lease rate. At the end of the lease the prototype may be purchased for a nominal value by the third party. As consideration for the lease and option to purchase the third party has issued ownership interest in the third party through common stock and/or warrants. Additional information can be found in Note 14 (Seller 1) on pages 40 of this report.

Rights and Access. Space Florida has agreements with the Cape Canaveral Air Force Station Center for the right to use Space Launch Complexes 36 and 46 for the development of multi-use vertical launch capabilities related to governmental, educational and commercial initiatives. Space Florida also has an enhanced use lease agreement with NASA's John F. Kennedy Space Center for 60 acres with an optional 139 additional acres to develop a mixed-use multi-tenant technology and commerce park referred to as "Exploration Park and a 30-year master property agreement for the Shuttle Landing Facility. Additional information can be found in Note 13 on pages 37-39 of this report.

Long-term debt. Space Florida entered into a loan agreement with a bank in the amount of \$17,500,000 in fiscal year 2014. The note was scheduled to mature on January 30, 2015, however, the note was converted on January 30, 2015, to a 3-year repayment term, amortized over a 20-year term. The interest rate is equal to the Note Rate that was in effect on the date immediately preceding the Conversion Date.

Space Florida also entered into another loan agreement with a bank in the amount of \$17,500,000 in fiscal year 2017. The interest rate is 3.17% per year with interest due monthly with a mandatory prepayment of the loan for pledged revenues received. Additional information on this can be found in Note 7 on page 33 of this report.



**Space Florida
Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Space Florida Total Outstanding Debt

	9/30/18	9/30/17	9/30/16
Notes payable	\$ 15,536,156	\$ 28,696,252	\$ 16,430,554

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Space Florida's finances for all those with an interest in Space Florida's financial operations. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Space Florida, 505 Odyssey Way, Exploration Park, FL 32953.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Space Florida
Statements of Net Position

<i>September 30,</i>	2018	2017
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash:		
Unrestricted	\$ 18,611,711	\$ 14,346,524
Restricted	23,862,469	39,262,820
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible account of \$469,207 and \$381,451 as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively	177,636	636,177
Due from other governments:		
Unrestricted	5,372,262	4,032,817
Restricted	14,300,837	16,319,560
Accrued interest receivable on loans receivable, net of allowance of \$0 and \$624,438 as of September 30, 2018 and 2017	8,377	8,377
Loans receivable, net of allowance of \$18,000 and \$1,998,000 as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively	84,167	1,103,911
Prepaid rent, current	382,633	382,633
Other current assets	1,036,583	988,139
Total current assets	63,836,675	77,080,958
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets:		
Construction in progress	45,872,185	16,154,550
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		
SRMU storage facility	3,442,346	3,868,942
Orion facility	21,380,092	22,604,464
Reusable Launch Vehicle (RLV) hangar and office space	921,617	1,019,951
Space Life Sciences Lab	15,021,514	16,102,523
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	2,232,377	3,190,882
Launch Complex 46	4,276,690	4,318,493
Commercial Crew and Cargo Processing Facility	16,331,528	17,026,489
Embraer Engineering & Technology Center	14,439,104	15,057,909
Other facility	2,938,421	2,648,700
Accrued interest receivable on loans receivable, noncurrent	54,356	20,592
Loans receivable, net of allowance of \$287,200 and \$442,491 as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively	3,441,275	2,203,441
Investments	3,778,774	4,840,170
Prepaid rent, noncurrent	4,878,573	5,261,206
Other noncurrent assets	1,300	1,500
Total noncurrent assets	139,010,152	114,319,812
Total assets	202,846,827	191,400,770

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Space Florida
Statements of Net Position (Continued)

<i>September 30,</i>	2018	2017
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,920,719	7,058,791
Salaries payable	184,700	145,566
Unearned revenue	67,976	171,643
Compensated absences	128,619	98,825
Deposits	124,530	120,005
Payable from restricted assets:		
Accounts payable	29,629,136	17,762,109
Unearned revenue	418,286	8,057,718
Deposits	2,715,978	18,001,102
Notes payable	15,536,156	20,096,252
Total current liabilities	51,726,100	71,512,011
Noncurrent liabilities		
Deferred rent liability	1,173,192	897,147
Compensated absences	104,690	92,711
Notes payable	-	8,600,000
Payable from restricted assets:		
Unearned revenue	7,445,250	115,501
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,723,132	9,705,359
Total liabilities	60,449,232	81,217,370
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in capital assets	111,048,630	72,733,543
Restricted for:		
Special purpose	5,670,994	19,654,308
Unrestricted	25,677,971	17,795,549
Total net position	\$142,397,595	\$ 110,183,400

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Space Florida

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

<i>For the years ended September 30,</i>	2018	2017
Operating revenues		
Fees and charges for services	\$ 26,192,327	\$ 5,445,184
State appropriated funding	21,126,767	21,209,740
Other grant revenue - operating	46,823,593	25,019,903
Total operating revenues	94,142,687	51,674,827
Operating expenses		
Business development	57,574,911	35,380,292
Educational research	297,364	456,526
Operations	8,147,818	8,193,302
General and administrative	1,728,644	3,077,467
Depreciation	6,165,802	6,281,016
Total operating expenses	73,914,539	53,388,603
Income (Loss) from operations	20,228,148	(1,713,776)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		
Interest income	119,763	254,397
State grant revenue- capital	12,880,636	8,657,807
Interest expense	(453,106)	(490,432)
Impairment loss on investment	(561,396)	-
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets	150	(1,298)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	11,986,047	8,420,474
Change in net position	32,214,195	6,706,698
Net position, beginning of year	110,183,400	103,476,702
Net position, end of year	\$ 142,397,595	\$ 110,183,400

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Space Florida
Statements of Cash Flows

<i>For the years ended September 30,</i>	2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 9,681,923	\$ 7,751,763
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(55,905,943)	(29,384,457)
Cash payments to employees for services	(4,201,984)	(3,372,407)
Operating grant receipts	68,216,288	36,394,170
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	17,790,284	11,389,069
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Capital related grant receipts	12,880,636	8,657,807
Purchase and construction of capital assets	(31,028,623)	(18,157,202)
Proceeds from issuance of note payable	-	17,500,000
Principal paid on note payable	(13,160,096)	(5,234,302)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	3,501
Deposit for construction of capital assets	2,715,978	18,001,102
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	(28,592,105)	20,770,906
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received	119,763	254,397
Interest paid	(453,106)	(490,432)
Net cash used in investing activities	(333,343)	(236,035)
Net increase in cash	(11,135,164)	31,923,940
Cash, beginning of year	53,609,344	21,685,404
Cash, end of year	\$ 42,474,180	\$ 53,609,344

Cash for the purposes of this statement consists of the following at September 30 2018 and 2017

Cash	\$ 18,611,711	\$ 14,346,524
Restricted cash	23,862,469	39,262,820
Total cash	\$ 42,474,180	\$ 53,609,344

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Space Florida
Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

<i>For the years ended September 30,</i>	2018	2017
Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 20,228,148	\$ (1,713,776)
Adjustment to reconcile Income (loss) from operations to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation expense	6,165,802	6,281,016
Investment impairment	973,640	838,336
In-kind payment of rent	382,633	382,633
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Accounts receivable	546,297	712,960
Due from other governments	679,278	(14,341,567)
Accrued interest receivable on loans receivable	(33,764)	582,966
Loans receivable	(779,486)	(206,126)
Lease receivable	-	838,566
Other assets	(48,244)	175,998
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable	7,728,955	13,696,919
Compensated absences	41,773	10,772
Salaries payable	39,134	14,482
Unearned revenue	(413,350)	4,506,094
Deposits	(17,996,577)	(666,249)
Rent payable	276,045	276,045
Total adjustments	(2,437,864)	13,102,845
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 17,790,284	\$ 11,389,069

SUMMARY OF NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:

During the year ended September 30, 2018, Space Florida had an impairment of investments for \$561,396.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, a loan receivable for \$561,396 was converted into preferred stock (investment).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Space Florida is an independent special district, a body politic and corporate, and a component unit of the State of Florida, which was created pursuant to the Space Florida Act, Sections 331.301-331.369, Florida Statutes, as amended. Space Florida's purpose is to foster the growth and development of a sustainable and world-leading aerospace industry in the State of Florida. Space Florida accomplishes its purpose by promoting aerospace business development, facilitating business financing, spaceport operations, research and development, workforce development, and innovative education programs. Space Florida is not considered an "agency" of the State for budgeting, as defined in Florida Statutes 216.011 and 287.012.

Space Florida is governed by a 13-member independent board of directors that consists of the members appointed to the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc., by the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives pursuant to s. 288.901(5)(a)7. and the Governor, who shall serve ex officio, or who may appoint a designee to serve, as the chair and a voting member of the board.

Space Florida has the authority to purchase or construct facilities, to set rates, fees and charges for the use of facilities and to undertake joint financing with municipalities or private sector entities for projects. Space Florida also has the power to issue bonds and other instruments of indebtedness. The full faith and credit of the State of Florida does not secure any bonds issued by Space Florida.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Space Florida's financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, which is concerned with the inflow and outflow of resources that affect an entity. The Statement of Net Position reflects those resources available to meet current obligations and to be used in the delivery of goods and services in subsequent periods. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position summarize those resources received and those consumed during the current period. The statement distinguishes between operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues generally result from leases, administrative fees and operating grants. Operating expenses include the costs for space business development activities, educational research development and workforce activities, operations, administrative expenses and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition of operating are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Space Florida accounts for all of its activities within one enterprise fund.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Upon settlement, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Cash

Consists of cash on hand and demand deposits that are restricted and unrestricted.

Investments

Investments are valued at cost, as permitted by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Standard (GASBS) 62 Codification of Account and Financial Report Guidance, as the investments are not held for the primary purpose of income or profit and therefore do not meet the requirements as defined by GASBS 72 Fair Value Measurement to be measured at fair value. Space Florida is allowed to invest in common stock and warrants under Florida Statute 331.305. Management has reviewed the investments and determined there is an impairment of \$579,217 and \$17,821 (see custodial credit risk in Note 2) as of September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Accounts Receivable

The receivables are funds due to Space Florida from customers. Space Florida charges interest based on contract terms. An allowance of \$469,207 and \$381,451 was recorded at September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, based on management's estimate of the collectability of outstanding accounts receivable balances.

Loans Receivable

Consists of loans due from several companies (See Note 4). Management reviews each loan and based on timeliness of payments estimates an allowance.

Other Assets

Consists of deposits, receivables from capital leases and prepaid expenses.

Restricted Assets

Consists primarily of cash received and unexpended in connection with specific State-funded projects.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets

Are defined as assets with an initial cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are recorded at cost when purchased or at fair market value when donated. Additions, improvements and expenditures for repairs and maintenance that extend the lives of assets are capitalized. Other expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. The carrying amount and accumulated depreciation of assets that are sold or retired are removed from the accounts in the year of disposal and any resulting gain or loss is included in results of operations.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the various classes of depreciable assets. The estimated useful lives of the property and equipment range from 1 to 27 years.

Accrued Compensated Absences

Space Florida's reporting of accrued compensated absences has been recorded in accordance with GASB Section C60. A liability is accrued for an employee's right to receive compensation for future absences when certain conditions are met.

Unearned Revenues

Include amounts invoiced or collected before the revenue recognition criteria are met and includes advanced payments received from grantor agencies that are unearned and recognized over the periods to which the payments relate.

Deposits

Consist of amounts held for tenants of leased facilities.

Net Position

Net position is restricted when constraints placed on funds are either externally imposed or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position. At September 30, 2018 and 2017, restricted net position consists primarily of cash received and unexpended in connection with specific State-funded projects and unearned revenue. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is Space Florida's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Space Florida Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the carrying amount of Space Florida's deposits was \$42,474,180 and \$53,609,344, respectively, and the bank balance was \$45,650,611 and \$53,708,397, respectively. These deposits consist of demand accounts that are covered by the federal depository insurance corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. Monies invested in amounts greater than FDIC limits are secured by collateral held by Space Florida's agent, pursuant to the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"). The Act requires that Space Florida maintain deposits only in "qualified public depositories." All qualified public depositories must deposit with the State Treasurer eligible collateral in such amounts as required by the Act. Should a default or insolvency occur, the State Treasurer would implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of Space Florida. Therefore, Space Florida's deposits are considered to be fully insured.

Florida Statute 331.309 authorizes Space Florida to select as a depository any qualified public depository as defined in Florida Statute 280.02. Space Florida may also deposit funds with the State Treasury.

Cash at September 30, 2018 and 2017, consists of the following:

	09/30/18	09/30/17
Demand deposits	\$ 42,474,180	\$ 53,609,344
Classified as:		
Cash	\$ 18,611,711	\$ 14,346,524
Restricted cash	23,862,469	39,262,820
	\$ 42,474,180	\$ 53,609,344

Credit risk

Florida Statute 331.348 authorizes Space Florida to invest in funds backed by the federal and local governments, or any investment authorized in Florida Statute 17.57.

Interest rate risk

Space Florida's investment policy and Florida Statutes do not limit the maturities of investments to reduce the interest rate risk.

Foreign currency risk

Space Florida has common stock with a fair value of \$0 and \$500,000 at September 30, 2018 and 2017 respectively, that is denominated in English Pounds. Florida Statute 331.305 authorizes Space Florida to purchase interests in foreign corporations.

Concentration of credit risk

Space Florida's investment policy and Florida Statute 331.348 do not limit the concentration of types of investments.

Space Florida
Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At September 30, 2018 and 2017, Space Florida had the following investments that were greater than 5% of their total investments:

	09/30/18	9/30/17
Because Learning – 315,675 shares of common stock	\$ -	\$ 561,396
Cella Acquisition Limited – 578,442 shares of common stock	-	500,000
Instant Eyes, Inc. - 20,000 shares of common stock	249,650	249,650
Instant Eyes, Inc. - warrants to purchase 20,000 shares of common stock	249,650	249,650
Rivian Automotive, Inc. - warrants to purchase 300 shares of common stock	1,498,000	1,498,000
Speed of Need Solutions, Inc. - 25,000 shares of common stock	500,000	500,000
Speed of Need Solutions, Inc. - warrants to purchase 25,000 shares of common stock	699,300	699,300
XO Market Holding - 55.555 shares of series A preferred stock	499,995	499,995
Total	\$ 3,696,595	\$ 4,757,991

Custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, Space Florida will not be able to recover the value of the investments that are in the possession of an outside party. Space Florida does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. Space Florida's investments of \$3,778,774 and \$4,840,170 as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, are for securities uninsured, unregistered and are being held by the individual companies that have issued the stock. Space Florida incurred an impairment loss of \$561,396 and \$0 during the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Investments in the prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current-year financial statements.

NOTE 3: DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments is comprised of \$19,673,099 and \$20,352,377 of State appropriations for operations at September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. At September 30, 2018 and 2017, \$14,300,837 and \$16,319,560 was restricted for infrastructure and operations, respectively.

NOTE 4: LOANS RECEIVABLE

Space Florida entered into several loan agreements with a company (Company 1) and loaned them a total of \$1,036,925 through June 30, 2011 and charged 1% interest per year. During February 2012, the previous loans were refinanced and an additional \$399,076 was loaned to the Company. The loan is secured by collateral in an engine. Interest only payments are due monthly beginning March 2013 and a balloon payment due in 2022. Accrued interest at September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$8,377. During the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, interest payments were made in accordance with the terms of the agreement. Space Florida's management has estimated a portion of the receivable will most likely not be collected and has recorded an allowance of \$287,200 at September 30, 2018 and 2017.

On September 28, 2017, Space Florida loaned Company 1 an additional \$90,000. Principal and interest were originally due September 2018, but was extend to December 31, 2019 after year end. Interest is charged at 6.49% per year. Equipment and land are collateral on the loan. Management recorded an allowance of \$18,000 as of September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Space Florida entered into a loan agreement with another company (Company 2) and loaned them \$1,000,000 on May 24, 2012. Company 2 made two other draws for \$1,000,000 each during May 2013. The principal and interest was due in one payment on May 30, 2017. The interest accrues at a rate of 4%. Accrued interest at September 30, 2017 was \$624,438. Due to Company 2 filing bankruptcy, Space Florida's management has estimated a portion of the receivable will most likely not be collected and has recorded a total allowance of \$1,980,000 at September 30, 2017. Space Florida also fully allowed for the interest receivable as of September 30, 2017. During the year ended September 30, 2018, Space Florida received \$1,005,892 from the bankruptcy filing.

Space Florida entered into a loan with another company (Company 6) and loaned them \$155,291. The 10 year term loan accrues interest at 4% per year. The loan requires payment at the end of the term of \$155,291 plus interest. Space Florida, at the end of the term, may convert any unpaid principal and accrued interest into common shares. Space Florida's management has estimated that the receivable will most likely not be collected and wrote off the amount during 2018.

Space Florida entered into a loan with another company (Company 7) and loaned them \$1,000,000 on March 29, 2017. Personal property and equipment are collateral on the loan. The loan accrues interest at 2% per year. The loan requires 48 monthly interest only payments of \$1,666 and then 12 monthly principal and interest payments of \$83,333. Management has estimated the receivable will be collected. There is no accrued interest as of September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Space Florida entered into a loan with another company (Company 8) and loaned them \$74,480 on March 1, 2017. Equipment and land are collateral on the loan. The loan accrues interest at 2.10% per year. The loan requires 72 monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,101. Any outstanding balance is due February 1, 2023. There is not accrued interest as of September 30,

Space Florida
Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 4: LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

2018 and 2017. Company 8 entered into an agreement for an additional \$1,000,000 in fund in December of 2017. The loan accrues interest at 8% per year. The accrued interest at September 30, 2018 was \$54,356. The loan requires no payments till January 2023. Management has estimated the receivable will be collected.

Space Florida entered into a loan with another company (Company 3) and loaned them \$250,000 in December 2017. Personal and corporate guarantees are collateral on the loan. The loan accrues interest at 0% per year. The imputed interest is not significant to the financial statements. The loan requires 36 monthly principal only payments of \$6,944 starting January 2023. Management has estimated the receivable will be collected. There is no accrued interest as of September 30, 2018.

Loans receivable are as follows at September 30, 2018 and 2017:

Name	9/30/2018		9/30/2017	
	Principal	Accrued Interest	Principal	Accrued Interest
Company 1	\$ 1,526,001	\$ 8,377	\$ 1,526,001	\$ 8,377
Company 2	-	-	3,000,000	624,438
Company 3	250,000	-	-	-
Company 4		Not used in the current year.		
Company 5		Not used in the current year.		
Company 6	-	-	155,291	20,592
Company 7	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	-
Company 8	1,054,641	54,356	66,551	-
Less allowance	(305,200)	-	(2,440,491)	(624,438)
Totals	\$ 3,525,442	\$ 62,733	\$ 3,307,352	\$ 28,969

NOTE 5: LEASES RECEIVABLE

Operating Lease

Space Florida entered into an operating lease for equipment beginning December 11, 2013. Space Florida recognizes revenue on a straight line basis and recorded a lease receivable of \$72,424 and \$103,582 on the Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The customer has the option to purchase the equipment at the end of the 24 month lease for a price equal to the outstanding and unpaid equipment cost as determined by the lessor plus all applicable interest and taxes. As of September 30, 2018 and 2017, \$1,072,725 in equipment had been leased by the lessee. The lease has a 2% interest rate. Invoicing began January 2016 and the first invoice included all accrued interest. As of September 30, 2018 and 2017, there was \$0 and \$0, respectively, of accrued interest. There were no executory costs, unguaranteed residual values, deferred initial direct costs or unearned income. Management is not confident they will receive the lease receivable amounts and has recorded an allowance of \$72,424 and \$103,582, as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Subsequent to year end the equipment owned by Space Florida was sold, and the lease with customer terminated. The forecast for 2019 would have included principle payments are \$72,424, and interest payments of \$3,965 for a total of \$76,389.

Space Florida
Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

	2018			Balance September 30, 2018
	Balance September 30, 2017	Increases	Decreases	
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ 16,154,550	\$ 30,428,868	\$ (711,233)	\$ 45,872,185
Total capital assets not being depreciated	16,154,550	30,428,868	(711,233)	45,872,185
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
SRMU storage facility	8,614,373	5,817	-	8,620,190
RLV hangar and office space	4,696,984	-	-	4,696,984
Orion facility	32,032,069	-	-	32,032,069
Space Life Sciences Lab	27,191,613	10,195	-	27,201,808
Launch complex 46	4,756,090	254,677	-	5,010,767
EETC – Melbourne Airport	16,707,735	-	-	16,707,735
C3PF	18,763,941	-	-	18,763,941
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	10,197,396	583,892	(27,697)	10,753,591
Other facilities	3,015,757	456,556	-	3,472,313
Total capital assets being depreciated	125,975,958	1,311,137	(27,697)	127,259,398
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
SRMU storage facility	(4,745,431)	(432,413)	-	(5,177,844)
RLV hangar and office space	(3,677,033)	(98,334)	-	(3,775,367)
Orion facility	(9,427,605)	(1,224,372)	-	(10,651,977)
Space Life Sciences Lab	(11,089,090)	(1,091,204)	-	(12,180,294)
Launch complex 46	(437,597)	(296,480)	-	(734,077)
EETC – Melbourne Airport	(1,649,826)	(618,805)	-	(2,268,631)
C3PF	(1,737,452)	(694,961)	-	(2,432,413)
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	(7,006,512)	(1,542,399)	27,697	(8,521,214)
Other facilities	(367,059)	(166,833)	-	(533,892)
Total accumulated depreciation	(40,137,605)	(6,165,801)	27,697	(46,275,709)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	85,838,353	(4,854,664)	-	80,983,689
Capital assets, net	\$ 101,992,903	\$ 25,574,204	\$ (711,233)	\$ 126,855,874

Space Florida
Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017 was as follows:

	2017			Balance September 30, 2017
	Balance September 30, 2016	Increases	Decreases	
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ 3,362,333	\$ 17,710,203	\$ (4,917,986)	\$ 16,154,550
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,362,333	17,710,203	(4,917,986)	16,154,550
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
SRMU storage facility	8,614,373	-	-	8,614,373
RLV hangar and office space	4,696,984	-	-	4,696,984
Orion facility	32,032,069	-	-	32,032,069
Space Life Sciences Lab	27,077,931	113,682	-	27,191,613
Launch complex 46	512,872	4,243,218	-	4,756,090
EETC – Melbourne Airport	16,707,735	-	-	16,707,735
C3PF	18,763,941	-	-	18,763,941
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	10,162,344	216,685	(181,633)	10,197,396
Other facilities	2,224,357	791,400	-	3,015,757
Total capital assets being depreciated	120,792,606	5,364,985	(181,633)	125,975,958
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
SRMU storage facility	(4,313,099)	(432,332)	-	(4,745,431)
RLV hangar and office space	(3,578,700)	(98,333)	-	(3,677,033)
Orion facility	(8,203,233)	(1,224,372)	-	(9,427,605)
Space Life Sciences Lab	(10,000,017)	(1,089,073)	-	(11,089,090)
Launch complex 46	(332,076)	(105,521)	-	(437,597)
EETC – Melbourne Airport	(1,031,021)	(618,805)	-	(1,649,826)
C3PF	(1,042,491)	(694,961)	-	(1,737,452)
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	(5,305,200)	(1,878,146)	176,834	(7,006,512)
Other facilities	(227,586)	(139,473)	-	(367,059)
Total accumulated depreciation	(34,033,423)	(6,281,016)	176,834	(40,137,605)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	86,759,183	(916,031)	(4,799)	85,838,353
Capital assets, net	\$ 90,121,516	\$ 16,794,172	\$ (4,922,785)	\$ 101,992,903

Space Florida
Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM DEBT

Notes Payable

On October 31, 2013, Space Florida entered into a loan agreement with a bank in the amount of \$17,500,000. The note was to mature on January 30, 2015; however, it was converted, on January 30, 2015, to a note payable with a 3 year repayment term. The loan, which had a balance of \$9,293,200, was extended to have a maturity date of May 31, 2019 in fiscal year 2018. The note was issued with a floating rate of interest equal to 72% of the one month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 250 basis points (2.50%). The note shall bear interest on each February 1, May 1, August 1 and November 1, commencing February 1, 2014. The outstanding principal balance as of September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$9,293,200 and \$12,588,280, respectively. Payment of principal and interest is to be paid by pledged future appropriations from the State through the State Economic Enhancement and Development Fund. Annual principal and interest payments on the note payable are expected to require approximately 13% of appropriations for the year ending September 30, 2018, and will require approximately 84% of appropriations for the year ending September 30, 2019.

On April 25, 2017, Space Florida borrowed \$17,500,000. Interest accrues at 3.17% per year and interest is due monthly. There is a mandatory prepayment of the loan for any pledged revenues (grant funds) received. During the year ending September 30, 2018 and 2017, \$10,037,200 and \$7,376,333 of pledged revenues was earned, respectively. The total grant award is for \$17,500,000. In the event that any principal or interest is outstanding at December 31, 2018, the loan can be converted into a loan with a 5 year repayment term at 4% interest. Space Florida paid off the loan as of November 2018.

Changes In Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, was as follows:

	Balance September 30, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance September 30, 2018	Due Within One Year
Notes payable	\$ 28,696,252	\$ -	\$ (13,160,096)	\$ 15,536,156	\$ 15,536,156
Compensated absences	191,536	314,394	(272,621)	233,309	128,619
Total	\$ 28,887,788	\$ 314,394	\$ (13,432,717)	\$ 15,769,465	\$ 15,664,775

	Balance September 30, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance September 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
Notes payable	\$ 16,430,554	\$ 17,500,000	\$ (5,234,302)	\$ 28,696,252	\$ 20,096,252
Compensated absences	180,764	126,500	(115,728)	191,536	98,825
Total	\$ 16,611,318	\$ 17,626,500	\$ (5,350,030)	\$ 28,887,788	\$ 20,195,077

NOTE 8: CONDUIT DEBT

As defined by GASBC Section C65, conduit debt obligations are certain limited obligation debt instruments issued by a state or local governmental entity for the express purpose of providing capital financing for a specific third party that is not a part of the issuer's financial reporting entity. Although the conduit debt obligations bear the name of the governmental entity, the entity has no obligation to repay the conduit debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan to the third party. GASBC has concluded that conduit debt does not create a liability for the governmental entity and, therefore, is not reflected on the entity's basic financial statements.

Space Florida has participated in the issuance of conduit debt projects that are not reflected on the statement of net position of its basic financial statements.

The conduit debt transactions discussed below are limited obligation debts of Space Florida and are payable solely from the pledged revenues described in the respective debt agreements. Neither the faith nor credit, nor the taxing power of Space Florida, the State of Florida nor any subdivision thereof is pledged for the payment of the debts.

During January 2000, the Florida Space Authority entered into an agreement to assist in the financing and modification of Launch Complex 41 for use of the Atlas V rocket. This project was completed during the year ended June 30, 2003. The original value of the Florida Space Authority assisted financing on this project was approximately \$294,117,000. With the dissolution of the Florida Space Authority on September 1, 2006, the conduit debt was assigned to Space Florida. The debt was refinanced in November 2010 with a principal balance of \$100,000,000. As of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, the outstanding balance was approximately \$28,195,255 and \$36,713,844, respectively. Lease revenue received on the Atlas V facility is being used to pay off the debt, and debt payments are made by United Launch Alliance.

During July 2005, the Florida Space Authority entered into an agreement to assist in the financing related to the construction of a Shuttle Launch Experience facility to be located at the Kennedy Space Center. With the dissolution of the Florida Space Authority on September 1, 2006, the conduit debt was assigned to Space Florida. The project was completed during the year ended June 30, 2009, at which point the total value of the Florida Space Authority assisted financing on this project was approximately \$35,000,000.

During March 2007, Space Florida entered into an agreement to assist in additional financing related to the construction of a Shuttle Launch Experience facility to be located at the Kennedy Space Center. The project was completed during the year ended June 30, 2009, at which point the total value of the Space Florida assisted financing on this project was approximately \$5,000,000.

During March 2012, Space Florida entered into an agreement to assist with financing related to the construction of the Space Shuttle Atlantis Exhibit. This was attached to the Shuttle Launch Experience facility. The \$35,000,000, and \$5,000,000 were refinanced into one loan with an additional \$22,500,000 of funding provided. The total amount of assisted financing was \$62,500,000. As of September 30, 2018 and 2017, the outstanding balance on Space Florida

NOTE 8: CONDUIT DEBT (Continued)

assisted financing was approximately \$23,041,700 and \$31,391,857, respectively. The debt will be repaid from a percentage of ticket sale revenues at the Kennedy Space Center Visitor Complex, and debt payments are made by the Kennedy Space Center Visitor Complex.

During December 2014, Space Florida entered into a multi-phase agreement with a company to provide with financing related to the sale and leaseback of personal and real property for up to \$250,000,000. In March 2016, the company elected to exercise Phase 2 of the project but no transactions relating to Phase 2 occurred during fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. As of September 30, 2018 and 2017 under Phase 1, the outstanding balance on Space Florida assisted financing was \$44,845,320 and \$15,105,765, respectively. The debt will be repaid with proceeds from the lease of the personal property. The loan is collateralized by the lease.

During November 2017, Space Florida entered into an agreement with a company to financing relating to the sale and leaseback of personal property for up to \$27,200,000. As of September 30, 2018, there was \$21,221,000 outstanding. The debt will be repaid with proceeds of the lease of the personal property.

During December 2017, Space Florida entered into an agreement with a company to assist in financing related to the sale and leaseback of personal property with a company up to \$2,747,361. As of September 30, 2018, there was \$252,971 outstanding. The debt will be repaid with proceeds of the lease of the personal property.

NOTE 9: OPERATING LEASES

On November 7, 2012, Space Florida entered into an operating lease agreement with the Melbourne Airport Authority for the right to sublease facilities. The term of the lease is for 360 months with an option to extend this lease for up to 4 additional terms of 5 years. The lease began in August 2014. During the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, Space Florida recorded a lease expense of \$208,286 and \$115,703, respectively. The future minimum lease payment is \$208,286 each year through November 7, 2042.

On September 18, 2014, Space Florida signed a sublease with a company for period of 20 years. The tenant is responsible for maintaining, operating, and improvements of the facilities. During the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, Space Florida recorded lease revenue of \$208,286 and \$115,703, respectively. The future minimum rental income is \$208,286 each year through November 7, 2042.

NOTE 10: SRMU STORAGE FACILITY

On May 15, 2007, Space Florida entered into an agreement to lease the Titan IV Solid Rocket Motor Upgrade (SRMU) storage facility constructed at Camp Blanding, Florida. The lease is currently extended through May 31, 2020, and may be extended for up to three additional three year periods. However, the tenant may terminate the lease with a 90-day written notice. During the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, Space Florida recorded operating and lease revenue of \$739,060 and \$731,242, respectively.

The SRMU storage facility was constructed on land owned by the State of Florida Armory Board. The annual land use fee for the years September 30, 2018 and 2017 is approximately \$287,785 and \$282,835, respectively, and is payable by Space Florida in monthly installments of approximately \$29,982. The future minimum lease payments are \$2,407,447 through June 30, 2026.

If the current tenant chooses not to renew the lease and no suitable lease agreement is secured with another tenant, management believes the service utility of the facility would be significantly reduced. Under such circumstances, and in accordance with GASB Cod. Section 1400, *Reporting Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries*, Space Florida would be required to report an impairment loss, not to exceed the then carrying value of the facility, which was \$3,442,346, and \$3,868,942 as of September 30, 2018 and 2016, respectively. However, management believes the current tenant will continue to renew the lease. Accordingly, no impairment loss has been recorded as of September 30, 2018 and 2017.

NOTE 11: COMMERCIAL CREW AND CARGO PROCESSING FACILITY

On July 19, 2011, Space Florida entered into a use lease agreement with NASA's John F. Kennedy Space Center for the right to use the Commercial Crew and Cargo Processing Facility "C3PF" f/k/a/ Orbiter Processing Facility 3 "OPF-3", Space Shuttle Main Engine Processing Facility, K6-0696 building, and the processing Control Center. Space Florida needed to fund an escrow account for the demolition, which is estimated to be \$4,850,000 by October 6, 2016; however, Space Florida requested that NASA waive the specific establishment and funding of the Escrow Account Requirement and NASA granted the request.

On April 1, 2015, Space Florida entered into a sub use agreement with a Company to lease the C3PF and Processing Control Center. The lease currently terminates in December 31, 2021 with an option to extend for up to two additional terms of three years, but shall not extend beyond the user permit term expiration date of June 1, 2027. During the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, Space Florida recorded administrative fee revenue of \$580,022. The future minimum administrative fees are \$580,022 each year through December 31, 2021.

During the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, Space Florida recorded operations and maintenance expenses related to the C3PF facility of \$766,994 and \$606,671, respectively. The facility is sub-licensed to a company that is responsible for all of the operations and maintenance costs of the facilities.

NOTE 12: SPACE LIFE SCIENCES LAB

Space Florida leases the Space Life Sciences Lab (SLSL) to NASA and other lessees under lease agreements that end between September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2020. The net carrying value of the facility at September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$15,021,514 and \$16,102,523, respectively. During the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2016, Space Florida recorded lease and service revenue of \$892,043 and \$799,712, respectively. NASA was one of the tenants in the building leasing a lab for approximately \$65,000 a month, but they terminated their lease in January 2015. As part of the use agreement since NASA was no longer the primary tenant Space Florida had to pay rent of \$74,200 for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

During the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, Space Florida recorded operations and maintenance expenses, including rent, related to the SLSL facility of \$3,329,385 and \$3,033,500, respectively.

Space Florida will collect future minimum lease revenue as follows:

Year ending September 30,		
2019	\$	329,439
2020		69,689
2021		17,422
Total	\$	416,550

NOTE 13: RIGHTS AND ACCESS

Exploration Park

On January 1, 2009, Space Florida entered into a 60 year enhanced use lease agreement, including additional extension options, with NASA’s John F. Kennedy Space Center for 60 acres and an optional 139 additional acres located adjacent to the SLSL. The intended purpose of this property, with certain limitations as described in the lease agreement, is for the development of a mixed-use, multi-tenant technology and commerce park referred to as “Exploration Park.” The park is intended to host diverse aerospace-related activities for commercial, civil and military tenants. Rental fees began July 1, 2014, when Phase 1 was available to be utilized. Rent expense was \$488,305 and \$476,396 during the year ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and escalates 2.5% annually. Beginning on January 1, 2039 the rent expense shall escalate on the anniversary using the consumer price index or, if greater, shall be 5% of gross revenues derived from subleases in phase 1. There were no cash lease payments initially required under the lease agreement. Space Florida made capital improvements during the first three years of the use agreement and upon completion of the improvements, NASA accepted the improvements in lieu of \$6,887,396 future rent payments. The net book value of the assets transferred was \$7,703,600. The difference between the asset transferred and the improvements in lieu of payments of \$816,204 is recorded in fiscal year 2015 as in-kind

NOTE 13: RIGHTS AND ACCESS (Continued)

Exploration Park (Continued)

donations to NASA and is included in general and administrative expense on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. There is \$382,633 of prepaid rent current as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, and \$4,878,573 and \$5,261,206 of prepaid rent noncurrent, as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, which will be applied to rent expense through 2032. The prepaid rent was accepted by NASA for rent covering 18 years; therefore, it is allocated evenly across the 18 years and \$382,633 is applied annually. The rent expense is being expensed evenly over the life of the lease. During the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the straight-line rent expense was \$658,678. The difference between the annual rent expense and the prepaid rent applied results in a cumulative deferred rent liability of \$1,173,192 and \$897,147 as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Space Florida will make cash payments totaling \$40,580,340 for the use lease agreement, and will begin making payments in 2032.

During December 2015, Space Florida signed an amendment with NASA's John F. Kennedy Space Center to exercise the option to lease exploration park phase 2 for sixty years from the commencement date in exchange for in-kind rent and non-monetary considerations. The commencement date of exploration park phase 2 will begin when Space Florida is granted a right to possess and utilize its leasehold interest. Additionally, during May 2016, Space Florida signed a sublease agreement with a company whereby the company will pay rental payments equal to Space Florida's obligation upon commencement of the lease. Additional construction in phase 2 will result in additional in-kind credits toward future cash payments referenced above.

Area 57 - East

During August 2015, Space Florida was granted license (right to use) to Area 57 – East at Cape Canaveral Air Force Station from the Secretary of the Air Force for a period of five years retroactively beginning in March 2014 and ending in February 2019. Space Florida shall pay all direct costs associated with the use of the facility. Additionally, Space Florida will need to fund the demolition, which is estimated to be \$100,000. Additionally, during March 2016, Space Florida signed a sublease agreement with a company whereby the company will pay rental payments of \$16,763 per month, and all costs to operate the Area 57 facilities, with a three percent annual escalator through January 31, 2019 with renewal options through 2025. During the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, Space Florida recorded operations and maintenance expenses, related to Area 57, of \$24,505 and \$29,353, respectively.

Launch Complex 36

Space Florida was granted a license (right to use) to Space Launch Complex 36 at Cape Canaveral Air Force Station from the Secretary of the Air Force for a period of five years commencing in November 2014 and ending November 2019 with a one year extension. Space Florida anticipates renewal of the license in five year increments. The intended purpose of the

NOTE 13: RIGHTS AND ACCESS (Continued)

Launch Complex 36 (Continued)

complex, with certain limitations as described in the license agreement, is for the construction and operation of a multi-use vertical launch complex capable of supporting several launch vehicle configurations ranging from light to medium lift. The license is revocable at the will of the Secretary of the Air Force. Launch Complex 36 has been subleased to a customer that is responsible for operating costs of the facility.

Launch Complex 46

Space Florida was granted a license (right to use) to Space Launch Complex 46 (SLC-46) at Cape Canaveral Air Force Station from the Secretary of the Air Force for a period of five years from September 2008 and ending September 2013, which was extended to September 2019. Space Florida anticipates renewal of the license in five year increments. The intended purpose of the complex, with certain limitations as described in the license agreement, is for the construction and operation of a launch complex that is capable of supporting space launches and other directly related activities for government, education and commercial purposes. Through an agreement with the Air Force and Navy, Space Florida shares SLC-46 site with the Naval Ordnance Test Unit (NOTU). The license is revocable at the will of the Secretary of the Air Force.

Shuttle Landing Facility

On June 23, 2015, Space Florida entered into a 30 year agreement with NASA's John F. Kennedy Space Center for the management, development, improvement, operation, and sustainment of the Shuttle Landing Facility to support Government and commercial users engaged in horizontal space launch and recovery, aerospace vehicle flight testing and operations, and mission-related or otherwise compatible aviation. Space Florida will provide, at no cost to NASA, flight operations services associated with landings and take-offs of NASA aircraft at a value of \$45,045 per year with a three percent annual escalator.

Additional Minor Rights and Access

Space Florida has been granted several additional minor licenses or rights to use for real property by either the Secretary of the Air Force or NASA's John F. Kennedy Space Center. These rights, which are deemed immaterial in total, are transferred to third parties who are responsible for all related requirements. However, access rights are retained by Space Florida for inspection purposes to ensure contract compliance. All rights have terms ranging from one to five years with limited option to extend.

NOTE 14: PROTOTYPE TESTING AGREEMENTS

During June 2010, Space Florida entered into an agreement to purchase an ultra-efficient vehicle prototype from a third party entity (Seller 1) for \$500,000, for the purpose of testing the technology and capabilities of the prototype. Seller 1 delivered the prototype on October 15, 2010, and the testing period began.

Under the terms of the agreement, upon expiration of the testing period, Space Florida was to lease back the prototype to the seller. The sales lease back began on October 15, 2010 at the rate of \$100 per year for 10 years. At the end of the lease, Seller 1 has the option to repurchase the prototype for \$100. As additional consideration for the lease and option to purchase, the Seller issued to Space Florida a warrant with a 10 year term to acquire 100 shares of Seller 1's common stock, which is estimated to equal a 1% ownership interest in Seller 1. The common stock warrants allow shares to be purchased for \$1,000 per share.

During March 2011, Space Florida entered into an additional and separate agreement with Seller 1 to purchase three vehicles for \$1,000,000. The vehicles have been completed as of June 30, 2014, and the lease commenced on September 30, 2014. The vehicle is being leased back to Seller 1 at \$100 per year for 10 years. Seller 1 has an option to purchase the vehicle at the end of the lease for \$100. Seller 1 issued Space Florida a warrant with a 10 year term to acquire 200 shares of the Seller's common stock. The warrants allow common stock shares to be purchased for \$1,843 per share and is equal to a 2% ownership interest in Seller 1.

Also, in March 2011, Space Florida entered into an agreement to purchase a hydrogen fueled vehicle prototype from Seller 2 for \$1,200,000, for the purpose of testing the technology and capabilities of the vehicle prototype. Of the \$1,200,000, \$500,000 was a loan convertible into common stock of Seller 2. Space Florida converted the loan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and obtained 25,000 shares of common stock of Seller 2. A sales lease back will begin on the completion of the construction of the prototype. Seller 2 will lease the vehicle for 7 years for \$100 a year, and at the end of the lease can purchase the prototype for \$100. As additional consideration for the lease, Seller 2 gave Space Florida warrants to purchase 25,000 shares of common stock in Seller 2, this is an estimated ownership of 2.5% in Seller 2. The warrants can be exercised for \$0.01 a share.

In June 2011, Space Florida entered into an agreement to purchase a vehicle prototype from a third party (Seller 3) for \$500,000, for the purpose of testing the technology and capabilities of the vehicle prototype. A sales lease back began in February 2013. Seller 3 will lease the vehicle for 7 years for \$100 a year, and at the end of the lease can purchase the prototype for \$100. As additional consideration for the lease, Seller 3 gave Space Florida warrants to purchase 20,000 shares of common stock in Seller 3, this is an estimated ownership of 2% in Seller 3. The warrants can be exercised for \$0.01 a share.

As of September 30, 2018 and 2017, the warrants and common stock are recorded in investments, and the receivables for the capital leases are included in other assets.

NOTE 15: RETIREMENT PLAN

Effective September 1, 2006, Space Florida established a Simplified Employee Pension Plan (the “Plan”). The Plan eliminates the taxation required for the social security element of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) for all participants and for Space Florida.

All employees of Space Florida are eligible to participate in the Plan immediately. Participants vest at 100% upon entering the Plan and retirement eligibility is set at age 65. The Plan is non-contributory for employees and, therefore, all contributions are the obligation of Space Florida. Contributions to the Plan for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$640,953 and \$521,321, respectively, and represented 15% of total eligible employee gross compensation for each period.

NOTE 16: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

Contract commitments at September 30, 2018 was \$32,750,072 and related to the design and construction for various launch sites and capital assets and certain other consulting agreements.

Economic Dependency

Space Florida received approximately 76% and 91% of its total revenues from State legislative appropriations and grants during the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

State Appropriated Funds & Federal Contracts

Amounts received from State and Federal agencies are subject to audit and adjustment at the discretion of these entities. If expenditures are disallowed as a result of these audits, the claims for reimbursement to the agency would become a liability of Space Florida.

NOTE 17: RISK MANAGEMENT

Space Florida purchases commercial insurance for worker’s compensation, health and property insurance for their major capital assets. Therefore all risks of loss are fully insured.

NOTE 18: FUTURE ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued statements that will become effective in 2019. The statements address:

- Asset retirement obligations; and
- Disclosures related to debt.

The District is currently evaluating the effects that these statements will have on its 2019 financial statements.

NOTE 19: RECLASSIFICATION

Certain accounts in the prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current-year financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Space Florida

Schedule of Travel, Business Meals, and Incidental Expenses

<i>For the year ended September 30,</i>	2018	2017
Domestic:		
Travel and incidental (1)	\$ 186,171	\$ 133,925
Business meals	31,014	29,052
Total domestic	217,185	162,977
 Foreign:		
Travel and incidental (1)	85,140	60,143
Business meals	2,543	3,620
Total foreign	87,683	63,763
Total	\$ 304,868	\$ 226,740

(1) Incidental expenses consist of telephone charges and gratuities.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Board of Directors
Space Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Space Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Space Florida's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Space Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Space Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Space Florida's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Space Florida's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carly Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.

Melbourne, Florida

June 27, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROJECT; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL

The Board of Directors
Space Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Project

We have audited Space Florida's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in *Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Space Florida's major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2018. Space Florida's major state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the state statutes, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its state projects.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Space Florida's major state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards, Chapter 10.550, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Space Florida's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Space Florida's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Project

In our opinion, Space Florida complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Space Florida is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Space Florida's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Space Florida's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State project on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cam, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.

Melbourne, Florida

June 27, 2019

Space Florida
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the year ended September 30, 2018

Section I—Summary of Auditors’ Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors’ report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? ___ yes X no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified? ___ yes X none reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? ___ yes X no

State Projects

Internal control over major state projects:

- Material weakness(es) identified? ___ yes X no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified? ___ yes X none reported

Type of auditors’ report issued on compliance for major State projects: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Reported in accordance with Chapter 10.550? ___ yes X no

Identification of major state projects:

<u>State CSFA Numbers</u>	<u>State Project or Cluster 2018</u>
55.037	Spaceport Improvement Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and B programs was \$2,406,679 for major state projects.

Space Florida
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)
For the year ended September 30, 2018

Section II—Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

Section IV—State Project Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

Section V—Other Issues

No Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings is required because there were no prior audit findings related to State financial assistance projects.

No Corrective Action Plan is required because there were no findings required to be reported under the Florida Single Audit Act.

Space Florida

Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance
For the year ended September 30, 2018

State Agency Pass-through entity, State Project	CSFA Number	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Transfer to Subrecipients
State Programs*				
Florida Department of Economic Opportunity				
Direct Projects				
Economic Development Partnership, Israel	40.040	SB-18-009	\$ 961,145	-
Economic Development Partnership, Operations	40.040	SB-18-008	8,625,000	-
Economic Development Partnership, Operations	40.040	SB-18-008-A1	3,375,002	-
Economic Development Partnership, Financing Project	40.040	SB-14-011	461,554	-
Economic Development Partnership, Financing Project	40.040	SB-18-001	6,354,436	-
Economic Development Partnership, Financing Project	40.040	SB-18-011-A1	1,349,630	-
Total CSFA number 40.040			21,126,767	-
Total Florida Department of Economic Opportunity			21,126,767	-
Florida Department of Transportation				
Direct Projects				
Aviation Grant Programs	55.004	FM #430124-1-94-03	254,676	-
Economic Development Transportation Fund	55.032	FM #439053-1-54-01	167,242	-
Spaceport Improvement Program	55.037	FM #435320-1-94-01	1,162,438	1,162,438
Spaceport Improvement Program	55.037	FM #435320-1-94-02	53,066	53,066
Spaceport Improvement Program	55.037	FM #435257-1-14-01	237,411	-
Spaceport Improvement Program	55.037	FM #435320-1-94-03	33,592,582	33,592,582
Spaceport Improvement Program	55.037	FM #435257-1-14-02	2,821,597	-
Spaceport Improvement Program	55.037	FM #435257-1-14-03	21,839	-
		FM #435322-1-94-01 &		
Spaceport Improvement Program	55.037	FM #434862-1-94-01	10,037,200	-
Spaceport Improvement Program	55.037	FM #430124-4-94-02	2,158,050	2,158,050
Spaceport Improvement Program	55.037	FM #435320-1-94-04	3,167,979	3,167,979
Spaceport Improvement Program	55.037	FM #435320-1-94-05	5,085,183	5,085,183
Spaceport Improvement Program	55.037	FM #435320-1-94-06	336,613	-
Total Florida Department of Transportation			59,095,876	45,219,298
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance			\$ 80,222,643	\$ 45,219,298



Space Florida
Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance
For the year ended September 30, 2018

Note A - Significant Accounting Policies:

The Schedule of Expenditures of State Assistance is a summary of Space Florida's state assistance programs presented on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Grant monies received and disbursed by Space Florida are for specific purposes and are subject to review by the grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursement due to disallowed expenditures. Based upon experience, Space Florida does not believe that such disallowance, if any, would have a material effect on the financial position of Space Florida.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Board of Directors
Space Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Space Florida as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accounts' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated June 27, 2018, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(l)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no corrective actions to be taken as there were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(l)(i)4, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority of Space Florida is disclosed in the footnotes. There are no component units.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(l)(i)5.a., and 10.556(7) Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Space Florida has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Space Florida did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Space Florida. It is management's responsibility to monitor Space Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.5534(1)(i)2, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.544(1)(i)5.d, Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cary Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.

Melbourne, Florida
June 27, 2019



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POLICIES

The Board of Directors
Space Florida

We have examined Space Florida's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management of Space Florida is responsible for Space Florida's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Space Florida's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether Space Florida complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether Space Florida complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Space Florida's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, Space Florida complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.

Melbourne, Florida
June 27, 2019